

Evaluation in an International Setting Measuring Success of S&T Programs

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Presentation Agenda

- Evaluation methodology and evaluation approaches, including levels of measuring results
- Highlights from TTO and BRHE Practicum reports
- Lessons learned and recommendations
- Problem areas that should be addressed in conducting evaluation in countries with transitional economies
- Need for model to measure success of technology transfer and commercialization programs in transitional countries





Are We Making an Impact?

- If you don't know where you are going, how are you going to know when you get there?
 - Yogi Berra







Designing an Evaluation Plan: A Five- Step Approach

- Step I: Clarifying Program Goals, Objectives and expected outcomes;
- Step II: Identifying evaluation stakeholders;
- **Step III:** Describing the rationale and the purpose of the evaluation;
- **Step IV:** Determining evaluation's key questions;
- Step V: Selecting an evaluation design.





Operating Assumptions

- All programs can be measured in some way
- Outcomes and results mean "change"
- Build upon the successful measurement you are already doing
- There are no perfect measures or evaluations
- Values from measures come from how they are used, not in the measure itself
 - Reference: Policy and Evaluation Office,
 - U.S. Department of State, ECA, NAFSA Conference, 2004





Evaluation Objectives BRHE TTO Program

This evaluation study had three major objectives:

Objective I: To explore to what extent each TTO met the goals of the TTO Program outlined by CRDF Global and agreed upon with each hosting university;

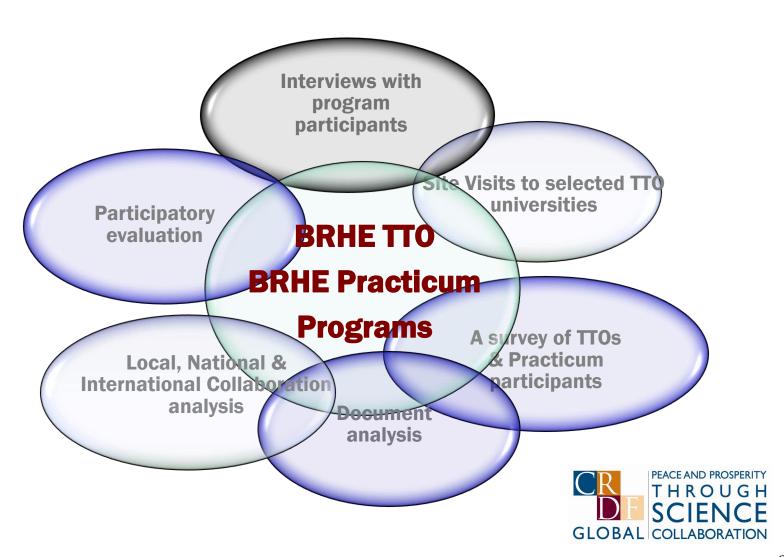
Objective II: To assess benefits from local, national & international linkages and collaborations that TTOs established;

Objective III: To evaluate to what extent TTOs had served as a catalyst for transfer of knowledge and technologies.

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Evaluation Design: A Mixed Method of Data Collection





BRHE TTOs - Core Metrics

- Number of TTO partnerships, functions that each TTO facilitated;
- The average distribution of the TTO income by sources;
- New jobs created as a result of TTO activities;
- Local, national and international linkages established;
- Inventions produced;
- Patent applications submitted;
- New companies started;
- Revenue generated;
- Success stories that can be credited to the TTOs.





BRHE TTOs – Summary of Findings

- **1,398** inventions;
- **1,199** patent applications in Russia;
- **647** new contacts with companies;
- 99 licensing or option agreements with companies inside and outside of Russia; and
- **130** new companies using inventions or technology developed by the universities.
- Generated approximately \$2,549,432.70 from different sources





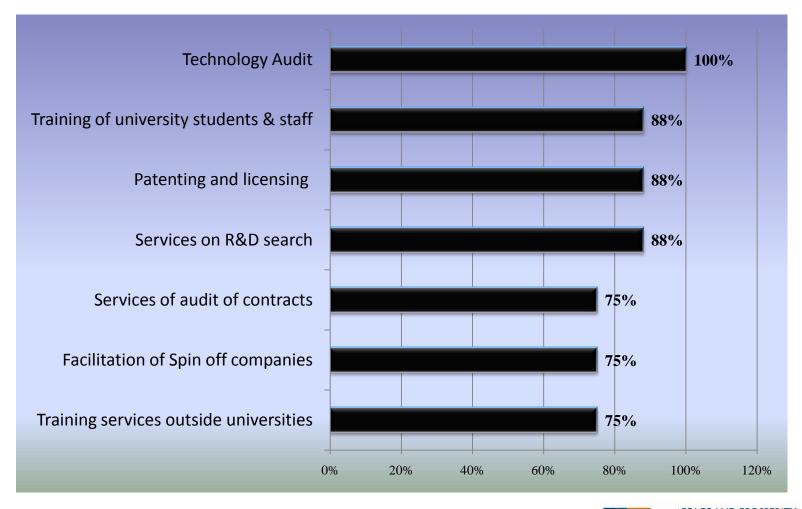
BRHE TTOs Summary of Findings, Cont. 1

- 57 training workshops on technology transfer;
- 6,720 participants were trained, including 3,765 (or 56 percent) young scientists and students.
- 157 full-time and 210 part-time jobs;
- For example, Saint Petersburg State University (SPSU) TTO activities resulted in 100 full-time and 70 part-time new jobs in 22 new spin off companies established due to the TTO activities in the region.





BRHE TTOs' Functions Fulfilled







BRHE TTOs Summary of Findings, Cont. 2

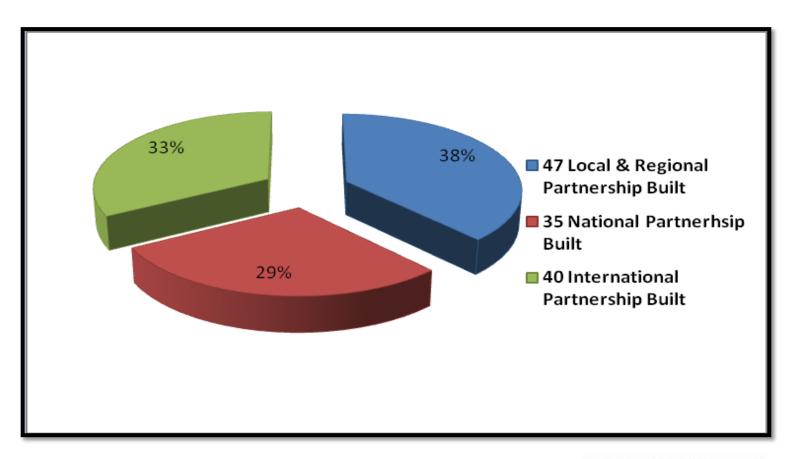
- **80** local, regional and national private companies and foundations
- **Examples:**
 - Intel Corporation, JSC LUKOIL, GAZPROM TRANSGAZ
- 40 foreign universities, private firms, associations and international organizations in Norway, Germany, Finland; UK & Northern Ireland, Italy; Colorado State University (USA); and China.

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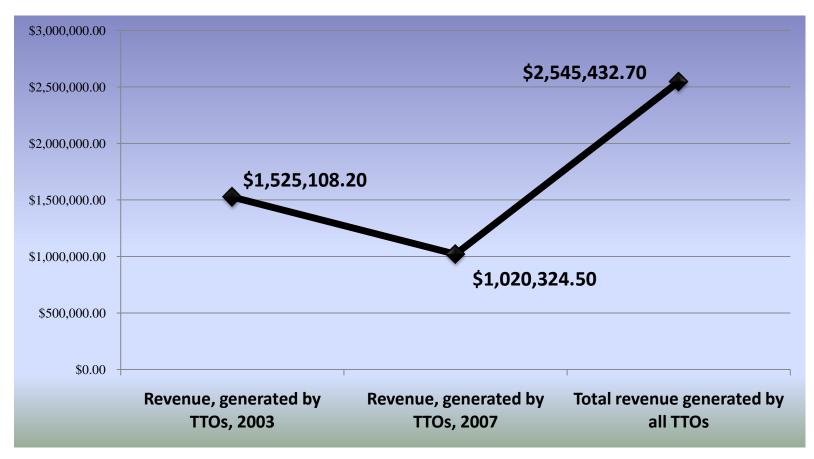
Partnerships at Local, National and International Levels







Revenue Generated by TTOs







Lessons Learned & Recommendations

- A model should be developed to measure TTO activities and contributions to technology transfer & commercialization in transitional countries;
- Legal & cultural context plus Russian mentality should be taken into consideration;
- Traditions of classical Russian universities & lack of infrastructure should always be taken into account when measuring success and the scope of effort.





BRHE Practicum: Four Levels of Measuring Results

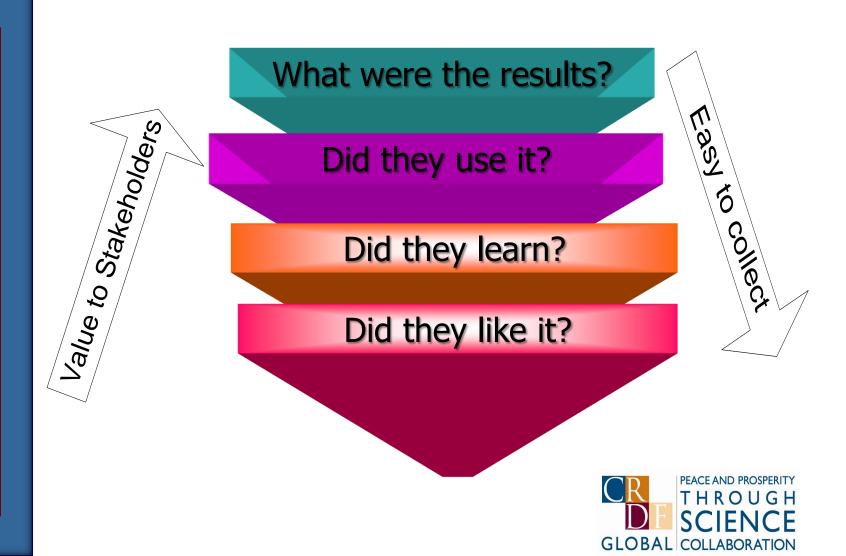
- **Level 1:** Satisfaction: professional goals and expectations met
- **Level 2:** Knowledge Gains Did the program encourage subject-related knowledge gains? Does the program turn into a realistic plan of action for its use?
- **Level 3:** Behavior Change: major areas of new knowledge application, new approaches and attitudes
- **Level 4:** Institutional Change: Change in policies, regulations, new curriculum, established network, national and international collaboration





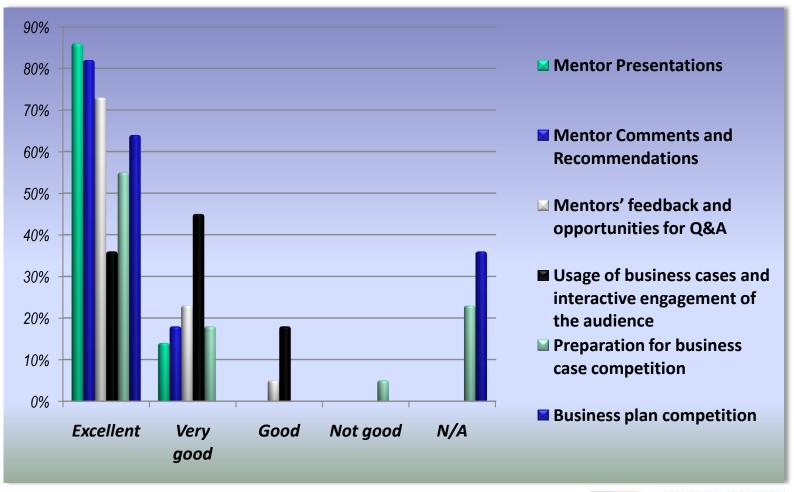
Levels of Measuring Success

Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs, Policy and Evaluation Office, 2004



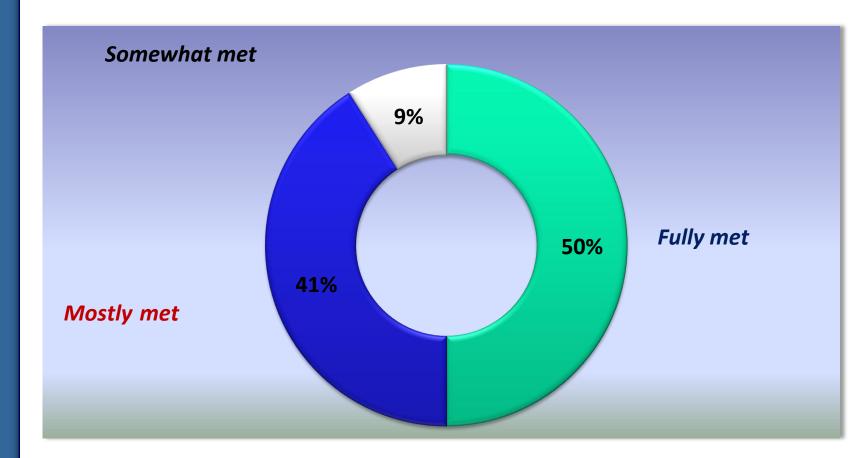


BRHE Practicum Rating of the Sessions' Modules





Professional Goals and Expectations Met







Comments from Participants

- -A very clear, well-structured delivery of information with concrete examples. Mentors' answers were also precise.
- The information was very valuable. Prior to the practicum steps towards commercialization were not clear; now I have a clear picture and I know that this is real and I can realize it.
- -Lectures were wonderful; the U.S. mentors represented different experiences and that is why it was even more interesting; I wish we could have small group sessions, too.
- -I learned how to design a business concept correctly!





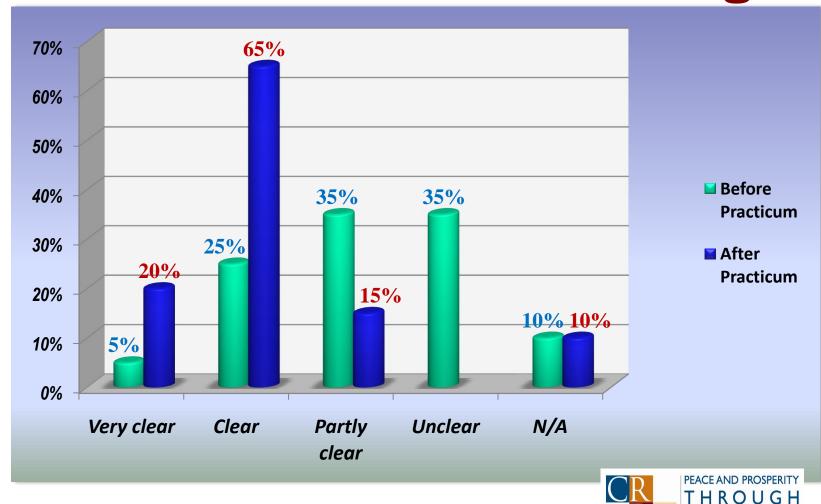
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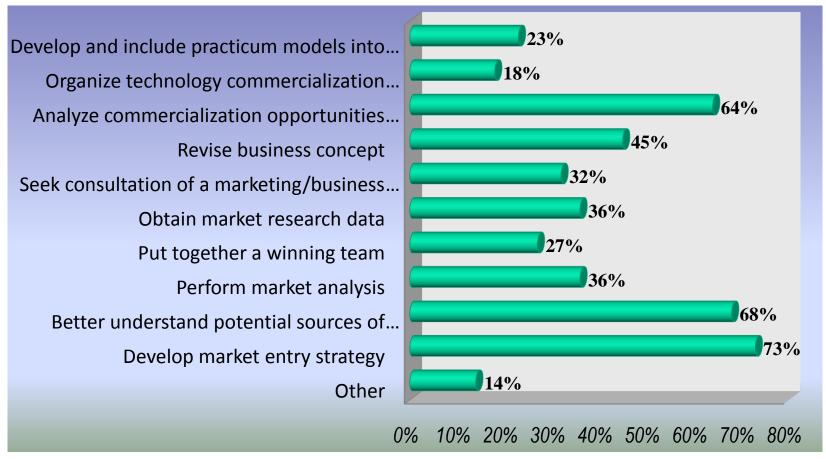
Knowledge of Technology Transfer Processes before & after Training



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Anticipated Outcomes





Recommendations

Example: Interactive Methods of Teaching and Learning

- Practical exercises and simulation business games;
- Small group exercises and interactive seminars;
- Case studies of successful companies;
- Brainstorming sessions and round table discussions about best practices.

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Recommendations, Cont.

From RF Ministry of Education and Science

- Small group discussions;
- Presentation with Q&A from mentors and participants;
- Lectures on Russian legislation, especially on patenting;
- Simulation games where students could play a role of investors in order to fully understand challenges of commercialization processes in a real life situation.





Conclusion

To ensure consistency & accuracy of data collection and analysis, the following steps should be undertaken:

- Reviewing core metrics in light of released studies on S&T by OECD, NSF, EU & other federal government agencies & international organizations;
- Developing new models & approaches of measuring results in S&T programs in transitional countries;
- Conducting follow-on evaluation studies, including a mixed methods of analysis – surveys, site visits, document analysis and in-person interviews to seek multiple lines of evidence.





Thank You for Your Attention!

Q&A



